The transmission of COVID-19 can occur as follows:

1. Most often, COVID-19 is spread from person to person among close contacts.
2. Person-to-person spread occurs mainly via respiratory droplets produced when an infected person speaks, coughs or sneezes.
3. These droplets can land in the mouths, noses or eyes of people who are nearby or possibly be inhaled into the lungs.
4. When a person touches a surface or object that has the virus on it and then touches their own mouth, nose or eyes.
5. Transmission can occur when patients are symptomatic, but also before any symptoms appear, and even from asymptomatic patients.
6. Patients may remain contagious up to two weeks after the remission of symptoms.
7. In pregnant women, intrauterine or perinatal transmission has not been identified.
8. In breastfeeding women, the virus has not been detected in breast milk. The World Health Organization presently states that mothers with COVID-19 can breastfeed.
9. Regarding the possibility of reinfection, the immune response to COVID-19 is not yet understood. Patients with MERS-CoV infection are unlikely to be reinfected shortly after they recover, but it is not yet known whether similar immune protection will be observed for patients with COVID-19.
10. The median incubation period is estimated at 5.1 days. This suggests that the 14-day quarantine period recommended by the WHO is reasonable. 97.5% of people who develop symptoms will do so within 11.5 days of exposure.