COVID-19 SUMMARY GUIDANCE #1

Modes of transmission and incubation period

The transmission of COVID-19 can occur as follows:

- 1. Most often, COVID-19 is spread from person to person among close contacts.
- 2. Person-to-person spread occurs mainly via respiratory droplets produced when an infected person speaks, coughs or sneezes.
- 3. These droplets can land in the mouths, noses or eyes of people who are nearby or possibly be inhaled into the lungs.
- 4. When a person touches a surface or object that has the virus on it and then touches their own mouth, nose or eyes.
- 5. Transmission can occur when patients are symptomatic, but also before any symptoms appear, and even from asymptomatic patients.
- 6. Airborne transmission may be possible in specific circumstances and settings in which procedures or support treatments that generate aerosols are performed.
- 7. Patients may remain contagious up to two weeks after the remission of symptoms.
- 8. In pregnant women, intrauterine or perinatal transmission has not been identified.
- 9. In breastfeeding women, the virus has not been detected in breast milk. Mothers with COVID-19 can breastfeed. For breastfeeding safely, mothers should follow good respiratory hygiene, hold their new-born skin-to-skin, share a room with their baby, wash hands before and after touching the baby, and keep all surfaces clean
- 10. There is currently no robust evidence of human infection with SARS-CoV-2 caused by infectious aerosols distributed through the ventilation system ducts of heating, ventilation and air conditioning. The risk is rated as very low.
- 11. Regarding the possibility of reinfection, the immune response to COVID-19 is not yet understood. Patients with MERS-CoV infection are unlikely to be re-infected shortly after they recover, but it is not yet known whether similar immune protection will be observed for patients with COVID-19.
- 12. The median incubation period is estimated at 5.1 days. This suggests that the 14-day quarantine period recommended by the WHO is reasonable. 97.5% of people who develop symptoms will do so within 11.5 days of exposure.

